STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92^{nd} Congress) as amended,

MO-0125521

Permit No.

Owner:	Kinnaird, Inc.
Address:	PO Box 34, New Florence, MO 63363
Continuing Authority	Same as above
Continuing Authority:	
Address:	Same as above
Facility Name:	Montgomery County Speedway
Facility Address:	Number 46 South Highway 19, New Florence, MO 63363
Legal Description:	NE ¹ / ₄ , SW ¹ / ₄ , Sec. 26, T48N, R5W, Montgomery County
Latitude/Longitude:	+3853378/-09126596
Receiving Stream:	Unnamed Tributary to Smith Creek (U)
First Classified Stream and ID:	Smith Creek (C) (01630)
JSGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	10300200-030004
s authorized to discharge from the facilities set forth herein:	ty described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements
FACILITY DESCRIPTION	
See Page 2	
1	discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of
	Donle Children
October 3, 2008	May -
Effective Date	Doyle Childers, Director, Department of Natural Resources Executive Secretary, Clean Water Commission
October 2, 2013	
Expiration Date	Mike Struckhoff, Director, St. Louis Regional Office
10 780-0041 (10-93)	

FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued)

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 $\underline{Outfall\ \#001}$ - WWTF - SIC #4952

Septic tank/two cell lagoon/sludge is stored in lagoon/septage disposal is by contract hauler Design population equivalent is 17
Design flow is 1,500 gallons per day.
Actual flow is 1,000 gallons per day.
Design sludge production is 0.26 dry tons/year.
Lat/Long +3853378/-09126596

Outfall #002 – Stormwater Runoff from Race Track – SIC # Sedimentation Basin Lat/Long +3853352/-09126576

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

PAGE NUMBER 3 of 5
PERMIT NUMBER MO-0125521

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

OUTFALL NUMBER AND	LIMITS	UNITS FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITA			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	OMIS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE	
Outfall #001 - WWTF							
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/quarter**	24 hr. estimate	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand ₅	mg/L		65	45	once/quarter**	grab	
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L		110	70	once/quarter**	grab	
pH – Units	SU	***		***	once/quarter**	grab	
Ammonia as N	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter**	grab	
Temperature	°C	*		*	once/quarter**	grab	
Oil & Grease	mg/L	15		10	once/quarter**	grab	
Outfall #002 – Stormwater (Note 1)							
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/quarter**	Instantaneous estimate	
Settelable Solids	mL/L/hr	1.5		*	once/quarter**	grab	
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	100		*	once/quarter**	grab	
Oil & Grease	mg/L	15		10	once/quarter**	grab	

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED **QUARTERLY**; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE **JANUARY 28, 2009**. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED <u>Parts I & III</u> STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED <u>October 1, 1980 and August 15, 1994</u>, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

MO 780-0010 (8/91)

- * Monitoring requirement only.
- ** Sample once per quarter in the months of March, June, September, and December.
- *** pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is to be maintained at or above 6.0 pH units.

Note 1- Storm water samples shall be collected within the first 60 minutes of any storm event of 0.1 inches or greater, that result in a discharge.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
 - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
 - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
 - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
 - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.

- 2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 3. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to area-wide wastewater treatment system within 90 days of notice of its availability.
- 4. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μg/L);
 - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 μ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μ g/L) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
 - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
- (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
- 5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.

6. Water Quality Standards

- (a) Discharges to waters of the state shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031, including both specific and general criteria.
- (b) General Criteria. The following general water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
 - (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life;
 - (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
 - (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
 - (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community:
 - (8) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

- 7. Sludge and Biosolids Use For Domestic Wastewater Treatment Facilities
 - (a) Permittee shall comply with the pollutant limitations, monitoring, reporting, and other requirements in accordance with the attached permit Standard Conditions.
 - (b) If sludge is not removed by a contract hauler, permittee is authorized to land apply biosolids. Permit Standard Conditions, Part III shall apply to the land application of biosolids. Permittee shall notify the department at least 180 days prior to the planned removal of biosolids. The department may require submittal of a biosolids management plan for department review and approval as determined appropriate on a case-by-case basis.
- 8. The permittee shall comply with any applicable requirements listed in 10 CSR 20-8 and 10 CSR 20-9. The monitoring frequencies contained in this permit shall not be construed by the permittee as a modification of the monitoring frequencies listed in 10 CSR 20-9. If a modification of the monitoring frequencies listed in 10 CSR 20-9 is needed, the permittee shall submit a written request to the department for review and, if deemed necessary, approval.

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Statement of Basis Facility Name NPDES #: MO-0125521

Montgomery County

A Statement of Basis (Statement) gives pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations and rational for the development of the NPDES Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit). This Statement includes Wasteload Allocations, Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations, and Reasonable Potential Analysis calculations as well as any other calculations that effect the effluent limitations of this operating permit. This Statement does not pertain to operating permits that include sewage sludge land application plans and variance procedures, and does not include the public comment process for this operating permit.

A Statement is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

Facility Information

Facility Type: Wastewater Treatment Facility

Facility SIC Code(s): #4952

Outfall #001

Facility Description: Septic Tank/Two cell lagoon/sludge is stored in lagoon/septage disposal is by contract hauler.

Outfall #002

Sedimentation Basin

OUTFALL(S) TABLE:

OUTFALL	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE	DISTANCE TO CLASSIFIED SEGMENT (MI)
#001	0.0023	Equivalent to Secondary	Domestic Wastewater	4.94
#002	N/A	Primary	Stormwater	4.94

Water Quality History: Most recent inspection (September 28 2007) did not reveal any adverse impacts on the

receiving stream

Comments: Most recent inspection (September 28 2007) identified an additional outfall for stormwater. The

sotrmwater outfall is for the race track. A Stormwater outfall will be added to the permit.

Receiving Stream Information

APPLICABLE DESIGNATIONS OF WATERS OF THE STATE:

As per Missouri's Effluent Regulations [10 CSR 20-7.015], the waters of the state are divided into the below listed seven (7) categories. Each category list effluent limitations for specific parameters, which are presented in each outfall's Effluent Limitation Table and further discussed in the Derivation & Discussion of Limits section.

Please mark the correct designated waters of the state categories of the receiving stream.

Missouri or Mississippi River [10 CSR 20-7.015(2)]:	Yes □; No ⊠
Lake or Reservoir [10 CSR 20-7.015(3)]:	Yes □; No ⊠
Losing [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)]:	Yes □; No ⊠
Metropolitan No-Discharge [10 CSR 20-7.015(5)]:	Yes □; No ⊠
Special Stream [10 CSR 20-7.015(6)]:	Yes □; No ⊠
Subsurface Water [10 CSR 20-7.015(7)]:	Yes □; No ⊠
All Other Waters [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)]:	Yes ⊠; No □

10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the department defines the Clean Water Commission water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and/or 1st classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are located in the Receiving Stream Table located below in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)].

RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE:

Waterbody Name	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	8-Digit HUC	EDU**
Unnamed Tributary to Smith Creek	U	N/A	General Criteria	10300200	OML
Smith Creek	С	01630	LWW, AQL, WBC***	10300200	OWIL

^{* -} Irrigation (IRR), Livestock & Wildlife Watering (LWW), Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life and Human Health-Fish Consumption (AQL), Cool Water Fishery(CLF), Cold Water Fishery (CDF), Whole Body Contact Recreation (WBC), Secondary Contact Recreation (SCR), Drinking Water Supply (DWS), Industrial (IND).

RECEIVING STREAM(S) LOW-FLOW VALUES TABLE:

RECEIVING STREAM (U, C, P)	Low-Flow Values (CFS)				
RECEIVING STREAM (U, C, T)	1Q10	7Q10	30Q10		
Unnamed Tributary to Smith Creek (U)	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Smith Creek (C)	0.0	0.0	0.1		

Mixing Zone: Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(a)].

Zone of Initial Dilution: Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(b)].

Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions

ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:

As per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)(A)], discharges to losing streams shall be permitted only after other alternatives including land application, discharges to a gaining stream and connection to a regional wastewater treatment facility have been evaluated and determined to be unacceptable for environmental and/or economic reasons. The facility does not discharge to a Losing Stream as defined by [10 CSR 20-2.010(36)] & [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(N)], or is an existing facility.

ANTI-BACKSLIDING:

A provision in the Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(c); 40 CFR Part 122.44(I)] that requires a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions. Backsliding proposed in this statement for the reissuance of this permit conform to the anti-backsliding provisions of Section 402(o) of the Clean Water Act, and 40 CFR Part 122.44.

ANTIDEGRADATION:

In accordance with Missouri's Water Quality Standard [10 CSR 20-7.031(2)], the department is to document by means of Antidegradation Review that the use of a water body's available assimilative capacity is justified. Degradation is justified by documenting the socio-economic importance of a discharging activity after determining the necessity of the discharge. Renewal no degradation proposed and no further review necessary.

APPLICABLE PERMIT PARAMETERS:

Effluent parameters for conventional, non-conventional, and toxic pollutants have been obtained from the previous NPDES operating permit for this facility, technology based effluent limits, water quality based effluent limits, and from appropriate sections of the renewal application.

COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:

Action taken by the department to resolve violations of the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and condition of an operating permit. The permittee/facility is not under enforcement action and is considered to be in compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and condition of an operating permit.

PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:

The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works [40 CFR Part 403.3(q)]. At this time, the permittee is not required to implement and enforce a Pretreatment Program.

^{** -} Ecological Drainage Unit

^{*** -} UAA has not been conducted.

REASONABLE POTENTIAL ANALYSIS (RPA):

Limitations must control all pollutants or pollutant parameters that are or may be discharged at a level which will cause, have reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above the Missouri Water Quality Standards. A RPA was not conducted for this facility.

REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:

Removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD₅) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs). Please see the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) website for interpretation of percent removal requirements for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Application Requirements for Publicly Owned Treatment Works and Other Treatment Works Treating Domestic Sewage @ www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/EPA-WATER/1999/August/Day-04/w18866.htm. This wastewater treatment facility is not a POTW. Influent monitoring is not being required to determine percent removal.

SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSOS), AND INFLOW & INFILTRATION (I&I):

Collection systems are a critical element in the successful performance of the wastewater treatment process. Under certain conditions, poorly designed, built, managed, operated, and/or maintained systems can pose risks to public health, the environment, or both. Causes of SSOs include, but are not limited to, the following: high levels of I&I during wet weather; blockages; structural, mechanical, or electrical failures; collapsed or broken sewer pipes; insufficient conveyance capacity; and vandalism. Effective and continuous management, operation, and maintenance, as well as ensuring adequate capacity and rehabilitation when necessary are critical to maintaining collection system capacity and performance while extending the life of the system. This facility is not required to develop or implement a program for maintenance and repair of the collection system; however, it is a violation of Missouri State Environmental Laws and Regulations to allow untreated wastewater to discharge to waters of the state.

SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):

A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit. This permit does not contain a SOC.

STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):

A plan to schedule activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the state. The plan may include, but is not limited to, treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control facility site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage. At this time, the permittee is not required to develop and implement a SWPPP.

WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS:

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010(78)], the amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed by the department to release into a given stream after the department has determined to total amount of pollutant that may be discharged into that stream without endangering its water quality. Wasteload allocations were not calculated.

WLA MODELING:

A WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by department staff.

WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:

As per [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(CC)], a toxicity test conducted under specified laboratory conditions on specific indicator organism; and as per [40 CFR Part 122.2], the aggregate toxic effect of an effluent measured directly by a toxicity test. At this time, the permittee is not required to conduct WET test for this facility.

303(d) LIST & TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL):

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires that each state identify waters that are not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required. Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of waters that are impaired but not addressed by normal water pollution control programs. This facility does not discharge to a 303(d) listed stream.

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:

PARAMETER	Unit	Basis for Limits	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	Modified	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITATIONS
FLOW	GPD	1	*		*	NO	S
BOD ₅	MG/L	4		65	45	NO	S
TSS	MG/L	4		110	70	NO	S
PH (S.U.)	SU	1	6+		6+	NO	S
TEMPERATURE (°C)	°C	1/5/8	*		*	YES	****
Ammonia as N	MG/L	2/3/5	*		*	YES	****
OIL & GREASE (MG/L)	MG/L	1	15		10	YES	****
MONITORING FREQUENCY	Please se	Please see Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements in the Derivation and Discussion Section below.					

^{* -} Monitoring requirement only

**** - Parameter not previously established in previous state operating permit.

N/A – Not applicable

S – Same as previous operating permit

Basis for Limitations Codes:

- 1. State or Federal Regulation/Law
- 2. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA)
- 3. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits
- 4. Lagoon Policy
- 5. Ammonia Policy

- 6. Antidegradation Policy
- 7. Water Quality Model
- 8. Best Professional Judgement
- 9. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL
- 10. WET test Policy

OUTFALL #001 – DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:

- <u>Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD</u>₅). Effluent limitation has been retained from previous state operating permit, [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)(B)3(A)].
- <u>Total Suspended Solids (TSS)</u>. Effluent limitation has been retained from previous state operating permit, [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)(B)3(A)].
- pH. Effluent limitation has been retained from previous state operating permit, [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)(B)2.].
- <u>Total Ammonia Nitrogen, Temperature.</u> Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for temperature and ammonia are included to determine whether "reasonable potential" to exceed water quality standards exists.
- Oil & Grease. Conventional pollutant, effluent limitation for protection of aquatic life; 10 mg/L monthly average, 15 mg/L daily maximum.
- Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements.

PARAMETER	SAMPLING FREQUENCY	REPORTING FREQUENCY
FLOW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
BOD_5	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
TSS	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
PH (S.U.)	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
Temperature (°C)	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
Ammonia as N	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
OIL & GREASE (MG/L)	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:

PARAMETER	Unit	Basis for Limits	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	Modified	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITATIONS
FLOW	MGD	1	*		*	YES	****
TSS	MG/L	1/8	100		*	YES	****
SUSPENDED SOILDS	мL/L	1/8	1.5		*	YES	****
OIL & GREASE (MG/L)	MG/L	1	15		10	YES	****
Monitoring Frequency	Please se	Please see Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements in the Derivation and Discussion Section below.					

^{* -} Monitoring requirement only

**** - Parameter not previously established in previous state operating permit.

N/A – Not applicable

S – Same as previous operating permit

Basis for Limitations Codes:

- 1. State or Federal Regulation/Law
- 2. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA)
- 3. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits
- 4. Lagoon Policy
- 5. Ammonia Policy

- 6. Antidegradation Policy
- 7. Water Quality Model
- 8. Best Professional Judgement
- 9. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL
- 10. WET test Policy

OUTFALL #002 – DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:

- <u>Total Suspended Solids (TSS).</u> Effluent limitation is for the protection of general water quality; 110 mg/L. [10 CSR 20 7.031(3)]
- Suspended Solids. Effluent limitation is for the protection of general water quality; 2.5 mL/L/hr. [10 CSR 20 7.031(3)]
- Oil & Grease. Conventional pollutant, effluent limitation for protection of aquatic life; 10 mg/L monthly average, 15 mg/L daily maximum.
- Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements.

Storm water samples shall be collected within the first 60 minutes of storm events of 0.1 inches or greater, that result in a discharge.

PARAMETER	SAMPLING FREQUENCY	REPORTING FREQUENCY
FLOW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
TSS	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
SETTABLE SOLIDS	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
OIL & GREASE	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER

Administrative Requirements

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

Date of Factsheet:

October 5, 2007

Steven Lang, EE-II Water Protection Program (314) 416-2960 steve.lang@dnr.mo.gov